

2020年12月大学英语四六级考前提分班辅导讲义

主讲人：何凯文

四六级试卷结构图 (source: 大学英语四六级考试委员会)

四级:

试卷结构	测试内容	测试题型	题目数量	分值比例	考试时间
写作	写作	短文写作	1	15%	30 分钟
听力理解	短篇新闻	选择题 (单选题)	7	7%	25 分钟
	长对话	选择题 (单选题)	8	8%	
	听力篇章	选择题 (单选题)	10	20%	
阅读理解	词汇理解	选词填空	10	5%	40 分钟
	长篇阅读	匹配	10	10%	
	仔细阅读	选择题 (单选题)	10	20%	
翻译	汉译英	段落翻译	1	15%	30 分钟
总计			57	100%	125 分钟

六级:

试卷结构	测试内容	测试题型	题目数量	分值比例	考试时间
写作	写作	短文写作	1	15%	30 分钟
听力理解	长对话	选择题 (单选题)	8	8%	30 分钟
	听力篇章	选择题 (单选题)	7	7%	
	讲话/报道/讲座	选择题 (单选题)	10	20%	
阅读理解	词汇理解	选词填空	10	5%	40 分钟
	长篇阅读	匹配	10	10%	
	仔细阅读	选择题 (单选题)	10	20%	
翻译	汉译英	段落翻译	1	15%	30 分钟
总计			57	100%	130 分钟

NETS - 5	
考察内容	考试时间
听力	35 分钟
阅读	60 分钟
写作 A	30 分钟
写作 B	30 分钟
总计	155 分钟

CET - 4	
考察内容	考试时间
听力	25 分钟
阅读	40 分钟
翻译 (中译英)	30 分钟
写作	30 分钟
总计	125 分钟

NETS - 6	
考察内容	考试时间
听力	40 分钟
阅读	60 分钟
翻译	30 分钟
写作	35 分钟
总计	165 分钟

CET - 6	
考察内容	考试时间
听力	30 分钟
阅读	40 分钟
翻译 (中译英)	30 分钟
写作	30 分钟
总计	130 分钟

练习方法：

看着正确选项！听！确定自己听到了正确选项！

- 16.A) They investigate the retirement homes in America.
 B) They are on issues facing senior citizens in America.
 C) They describe the great pleasures of the golden years.
 D) They are filled with fond memories of his grandparents.
- 17.A) The loss of the ability to take care of himself.
 B) The feeling of not being important any more.
 C) Being unable to find a good retirement home.
 D) Leaving the home he had lived in for 60 years.
- 18.A) The loss of identity and self-worth.
 B) Fear of being replaced or discarded.
 C) Freedom from pressure and worldly cares.
 D) The possession of wealth and high respect.
- 19.A) The urgency of pension reform.
 B) Medical care for senior citizens.
 C) Finding meaningful roles for the elderly in society.
 D) The development of public facilities for senior citizens.

最后的救赎：主题为王的盲猜！

Questions 5 to 7 are based on the news report you have just heard.

5. A) Inability to implement their business plans.
 B) Inability to keep turning out novel products.
 C) Lack of a successful business model of their own.
 D) Failure to integrate innovation into their business.
6. A) It is the secret to business success.
 B) It is the creation of something new.
 C) It is a magic tool to bring big rewards.
 D) It is an essential part of business culture.
7. A) Its hardworking employees.
 B) Its flexible promotion strategy.
 C) Its innovation culture.
 D) Its willingness to make investments.

Questions 3 to 4 are based on the news report you have just heard.

3. A) How college students can improve their sleep habits.
 B) Why sufficient sleep is important for college students.
 C) Why college students are more likely to have stress problems.
 D) How college students can handle their psychological problems.
4. A) It is not easy to improve one's sleep habits.
 B) It is not good for students to play video games.
 C) Students who are better prepared generally get higher scores in examinations.
 D) Making last-minute preparations for tests may be less effective than sleeping.

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何凯文考研英语

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2020年 12 月四六级作文话题:

1. 坚持和合作的重要性
 2. 环境保护的重要性和影响 (垃圾分类)
 3. 如何理性的选择
 4. 积极和乐观对成功的影响
 5. 现代科技 (人工智能) 对生活的影响
 6. 社会公德的重要性
- (四级注意招聘启事: Recruitment notice; 介绍一个景点:)

语料积累:

1. 提升: _____
2. 加强巩固: _____
3. 培养和珍惜: _____
4. topic 很重要: _____

2020 年 12月四六级必背十句话

个人话题:

1. Young people should be encouraged to broaden their horizons with more activities to embrace this world, which is the best way for them to get a clear perspective of what they are hoping to do with their lives and why. Students with such a perspective are usually the most efficient and motivated ones who can gain competitive edge in the future career.

年轻人应该多和这个社会接触拓宽他们的视野, 这样可以清楚的知道他们想要的是什么以及为什么。有这样视野的学生常常是效率最高的也是最积极的, 在未来的职业中也会获得竞争的优势。

替换句一:

Young people should be encouraged to broaden their horizons with reading more books of great value, which is the best way for them to get a clear perspective of this world. Students with such a perspective are usually the most efficient and motivated ones who can gain competitive edge in the future career. (阅读的习惯)

替换句二:

Young people should be encouraged to think different and acquire the ability to defend their own ideas, which is the best way to get a full understanding of this world. Students with such capability are usually the most creative and motivated ones who can gain competitive edge in the near future. (替换句)

2. The cultivation of teamwork spirit and cooperative ability was, is and remains to be an integral part in achieving one's personal accomplishment.

团队协作能力的合作精神的培养对于实现个人成就而言,过去是,现在,而且一直都会是重要因素。The cultivation of decent behavior norms was, is and remains to be an indispensable part in fulfilling one's personal success. (替换句)

3. Life skills are very important and by doing voluntary work, students can learn how to communicate with others and work in a team but also to manage their time and improve their organizational skills.

生活的技能非常重要,通过参加志愿者工作,学生就能学会如何与他人沟通,如何成为团队的一员,同时学会如果管理时间,并提高自己的组织技能。

The ability of setting clear aim is usually counted as one of the essential factors contributing to success.

设定清晰的目标通常被认为是促进成功的必要因素。

The ability to seize the opportunity is usually counted as one of the essential factors /contributing to success.

抓住机会的能力通常被认为是促进成功的必要因素。

4. The skill to balance study and work contributes directly to enhancing our academic performance, job hunting and promotion in a system.

平衡学习和工作关系的技能直接有利于我们的学习,求职以及以后的升职。

The good family education contributes directly to one's academic improvement/ with the good learning habit and one's career success/ with the good communication skills.

良好的家庭教育将因为好的学习习惯而有利于学习,因为好的沟通技能而有利于事业。

5. The social practice will provide us with more opportunities to develop our interpersonal communication skills, which may put us in a favorable position in the job market.

社会实践能提供给我们更多的机会来培养人际沟通技能,这样使我们在未来的职场上处于有利的位置。

The ability to make the right choice at the right moment will provide us with the possibility to save more time and energy, which may put us in a favorable position in the job market.

在正确的时刻做出正确选择的能力,能给我们节约时间和精力可能性,这样使我们在未来的职场上处于有利的位置。

社会话题:

1. Over the decade the pace of change in people's life has increased beyond our wildest expectations. Among the breakthroughs driving changes is the wide use of smart devices, (the artificial intelligence) which makes online shopping or online learning possible and more convenient.

在过去十年间,人们生活改变的步伐之快超越了我们最狂野的想象。在推动这些改变的突破中包括智能设备的广泛使用,这使得网络学习和购物成为可能并变得更方便。

2. With the government's will and public awareness, corresponding effective measures could really reduce the amount of rubbish we produce. Certainly nobody wants to see our resources used up and our planet poisoned by waste.

有了政府的决心和公众的意识，相应的有效的措施就真的能减少我们制造的垃圾。确实，没有人希望看到我们的资源被耗尽我们的地球被废弃物污染。

With the government's will and public awareness, corresponding effective measures could really curb the worrying and even terrifying problem of haze. Certainly nobody wants to see our beautiful homeland destroyed and our children's health threatened by smog.

环境，雾霾，垃圾污染，水污染，资源浪费

3. In my opinion, focusing on sports facilities is too narrow an approach and would not have the desired results. Youngsters should be encouraged not only to be more physically active but also to adopt a healthier lifestyle. 在我看来，仅仅关注运动设施是很有限的解决手段而且也不可能得到全部想要的结果。

年轻人不仅应该多锻炼而且应该采取更健康的生活方式。

替换句：

In my opinion, the simple limit of car-driving is too narrow an approach and would not have the desired results. Environmental preservation should be enhanced not only with concrete do or do not list but also with the promotion of people's awareness.

4. However, these issues can be addressed strategically within the proper policy adopted.

但是,只要措施得当, 这些问题还是会很好地解决的。

Long-term traffic and pollution reductions would depend on educating the public to use public transport more, and on (governments using public money to construct and run efficient systems.)

要想长期解决污染问题就需要教育公众多使用公共交通, 多用公共资金来建设并运营高效的系统。

The shared bicycle and other form of shared economy are the possible solutions to the current sorry state of affairs.

共享单车或者其他的共享经济形式是解决当前遗憾现状的可能办法。

5. We must avoid overindulgence and conspicuous consumption. We must instead continue to recognize the benefits of thrift in order to protect our new found prosperity.

我们必须避免过分放纵和铺张浪费。相反, 我们应该继续发扬节俭的优点以守护我们新获得的繁

四. Reading in depth Section B

我们必须知道：十篇文章就能搞定！

阅读（眼睛输入）

听力（耳朵输入）

是同一纬度的题型！

大家的问题：

缺乏对于正确答案的认知！

练习方法：

先标注出正确答案！

你自己是否能从原文中找到答案的来源处！

例子1：

原文：The threat of AI can be avoided, if we figure out how to turn human values into a programmable code.

选项：The threat of robots can be avoided if human values are translated into their language

例子 2：

原文: Sadoway isn't alone in trumpeting energy storage as a missing link to a cleaner, more efficient, and more

equitable energy future.

选项: Dr. Sadoway think energy storage is the direction energy development should follow.

例子 3:

原文: "Sugar, alcohol and tobacco," economist Adam Smith once wrote, "are commodities which are nowhere necessities of life, which have become objects of almost universal consumption, and which are, therefore, extremely popular subjects of taxation."

选项: Adam Smith said sugar, alcohol and tobacco were subject to taxation almost everywhere.

除了学会scanning之外!

还需要学习: skimming (确定文章主题)

1. 段落的首末句
2. 转折处
3. 观点句

尤其是: 当段落的首句是观点句

当段落的首句带有转折的时候

当段落的首句是观点句还带有转折的时候。

We sometimes think humans are uniquely vulnerable to anxiety, but stress seems to affect the immune defenses of lower animals too.

在我们解题时间不够的时候!

所有题目, 只要和主题句的表述一致!

就可以优先成为正确答案!

题目: 1. The passage tells us that the most probable reason for the death of the mice in Ader's experiment was that

- A) they had been weakened psychologically by the saccharin
- B) the sweetener was poisonous to them
- C) their immune systems had been altered by the mind
- D) they had taken too much sweetener during earlier conditioning

- A) their immune systems had been altered by the mind
- B) they had taken too much sweetener during earlier conditioning

2. It can be concluded from the passage that the immune systems of animals

- A) can be weakened by mind
- B) can be suppressed by drug injections
- C) can be affected by frequent doses of saccharin
- D) can be altered by electric shocks

Eg2.

主题词: 反复出现的名词 weak dollar

52. Why do Americans feel humiliated?

- A. Their economy is plunging
B. Their currency has slumped
C. They can't afford trips to Europe
D. They have lost half of their assets.
53. How does the current dollar affect the life of ordinary Americans?
A. They have to cancel their vacations in New York.
B. They find it unaffordable to dine in mom-and-pop restaurants.
C. They have to spend more money when buying imported goods.
D. They might lose their jobs due to potential economic problems.
54. How do many Europeans feel about the U.S with the devalued dollar?
A. They feel contemptuous of it.
B. They are sympathetic with it.
C. They regard it as a superpower on the decline.
D. They think of it as a good tourist destination.
55. what is the author's advice to Americans?
A. They treat the dollar with a little respect
B. They try to win in the weak-dollar gamble
C. They vacation at home rather than abroad
D. They treasure their marriages

Part A 快速阅读:

Universities Branch Out

A) As never before in their long history, universities have become instruments of national competition as well as instruments of peace. They are the place of the scientific discoveries that move economies forward, and the primary means of educating the talent required to obtain and maintain competitive advantage. But at the same time, the opening of national borders to the flow of goods, services, information and especially people has made universities a powerful force for global integration, mutual understanding and geopolitical stability.

B) In response to the same forces that have driven the world economy, universities have become more self-consciously global: seeking students from around the world who represent the entire range of cultures and values, sending their own students abroad to prepare them for global careers, offering courses of study that address the challenges of an interconnected world and collaborative (合作的) research programs to advance science for the benefit of all humanity.

C) Of the forces shaping higher education none is more sweeping than the movement across borders. Over the past three decades the number of students leaving home each year to study abroad has grown at an annual rate of 3.9 percent, from 800,000 in 1975 to 2.5 million in 2004. Most travel from one developed nation to another, but the flow from developing to developed countries is growing rapidly. The reverse flow, from developed to developing countries, is on the rise, too. Today foreign students earn 30 percent of the doctoral degrees awarded in the United States and 38 percent of those in the United Kingdom. And the number crossing borders for undergraduate study is growing as well, to 8 percent of the undergraduates at America's best institutions and 10 percent of all

undergraduates in the U.K. In the United States, 20 percent of the newly hired professors in science and engineering are foreign-born, and in China many newly hired faculty members at the top research universities received their graduate education abroad.

D) Universities are also encouraging students to spend some of their undergraduate years in another country. In Europe, more than 140,000 students participate in the Erasmus program each year, taking courses for credit in one of 2,200 participating institutions across the continent. And in the United States, institutions are helping place students in summer internships (实 习) abroad to prepare them for global careers. Yale and Harvard have led the way, offering every undergraduate at least one international study or internship opportunity—and providing the financial resources to make it possible.

E) Globalization is also reshaping the way research is done. One new trend involves sourcing portions of a research program to another country. Yale professor and Howard Hughes Medical Institute investigator Tian Xu directs a research center focused on the genetics of human disease at Shanghai's Fudan University, in collaboration with faculty colleagues from both schools. The Shanghai center has 95 employees and graduate students working in a 4,300-square-meter laboratory facility. Yale faculty, post doctors and graduate students visit regularly and attend video conference seminars with scientists from both campuses. The arrangement benefits both countries; Xu's Yale lab is more productive, thanks to the lower costs of conducting research in China, and Chinese graduate students, post doctors and faculty get on-the-job training from a world-class scientist and his U.S. team.

As a result of its strength in science, the United States has consistently led the world in the commercialization of major new technologies, from the mainframe computer and the integrated circuit of the 1960s to the Internet infrastructure (基 础 设 施) and applications software of the 1990s. The link between university-based science and industrial application is often indirect but sometimes highly visible: Silicon Valley was intentionally created by Stanford University, and Route 128 outside Boston has long housed companies spun off from MIT and Harvard. Around the world, governments have encouraged copying of this model, perhaps most successfully in Cambridge, England, where Microsoft and scores of other leading software and biotechnology companies have set up shop around the university.

F) For all its success, the United States remains deeply hesitant about sustaining the research-university model. Most politicians recognize the link between investment in science and national economic strength, but support for research funding has been unsteady. The budget of the National Institutes of Health doubled between 1998 and 2003, but has risen more slowly than inflation since then. Support for the physical sciences and engineering barely kept pace with inflation during that same period. The attempt to make up lost ground is welcome, but the nation would be better served by steady, predictable increases in science funding at the rate of long-term GDP growth, which is on the order of inflation plus 3 percent per year.

G) American politicians have great difficulty recognizing that admitting more foreign students can greatly promote the national interest by increasing international understanding. Adjusted for inflation, public funding for international exchanges and foreign-language study is well below the levels of 40 years ago. In the wake of **September 11**, changes in the visa process caused a dramatic decline in the number of foreign students seeking admission to U.S. universities, and a corresponding surge in enrollments in Australia, Singapore and the U.K. Objections from American university and business leaders led to improvements in the process and a reversal of the decline, but the United States is still seen by many as unwelcoming to international students.

H) Most Americans recognize that universities contribute to the nation's well-being through their scientific research, but many fear that foreign students threaten American competitiveness by taking their knowledge and skills back home. They fail to grasp that welcoming foreign students to the United States has two important positive effects: first, the very best of them stay in the States and—like immigrants throughout history—strengthen the nation; and second, foreign students who study in the United States become ambassadors for many of its most cherished (珍 视) values when they return home. Or at least they understand them better. In

America as elsewhere, few instruments of foreign policy are as effective in promoting peace and stability as welcoming international university students.

注意:此部分试题请在答题卡 2 上作答。

先看题干再看原文!

先易后难!

一个段落对应一个题!

46. American universities prepare their undergraduates for global careers by giving them chances for international study or internship.
47. **Since the mid-1970s**, the enrollment of overseas students has increased at an annual rate of **3.9 percent**.
48. The enrollment of international students will have a positive impact on America rather than threaten its competitiveness.
49. The way research is carried out in universities has changed as a result of globalization.
50. Of the newly hired professors in science and engineering in the United States, twenty percent come from foreign countries.
51. The number of foreign students applying to U.S. universities decreased sharply after **September 11** due to changes in the visa process.
52. The U.S. federal funding for research has been unsteady for years.
53. Around the world, governments encourage the model of linking university-based science and industrial application.
54. Present-day universities have become a powerful force for global integration.
55. When foreign students leave America, they will bring American values back to their home countries.

不要忘了福利，享受这份小确幸：

第一篇：

52. What do some most influential medical groups recommend doctors do?

- A) Reflect on the responsibilities they are supposed to take.
- B) Pay more attention to the effectiveness of their treatments.
- C) Take costs into account when making treatment decisions.
- D) Readjust their practice in view of the cuts in health care.

53. What were doctors mainly concerned about in the past?

- A) Specific medicines to be used. C) Professional advancement.
- B) Effects of medical treatment. D) Patients' trust.

59. What risk do doctors see in their dual role as patient care providers and financial overseers?

- A) They may be involved in a conflict of interest.
- B) They may be forced to divide their attention.
- C) They may have to use less effective drugs.
- D) They may lose the respect of patients.

61. What is Arum and Roksa's finding about higher education in America?

- A) It aims at stimulating the intellectual curiosity of college students.
- B) It fails to prepare students to face the challenges of modern times.
- C) It has experienced dramatic changes in recent years.
- D) It has tried hard to satisfy students' various needs.

62. What is responsible for the students' lack of higher-level skills in moderntimes?

- A) The diluted college curriculum.
- B) The boring classroomactivities.
- C) The absence of rigorous discipline.
- D) The outdated educational approach.

见微博：何凯文

五、 Translation

Part IV Translation (30 minutes) Directions: For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to translate a passage from Chinese into English. You should write your answer on Answer Sheet 2.

在中国文化中，红色通常象征着好运、长寿和幸福，在春节和其他喜庆场合，红色到处可见。人们把现金作为礼物送给家人或亲密朋友时，通常放在红信封里。红色在中国流行的另一个原因是人们把它与中国革命和共产党相联系。然而，红色并不总是代表好运与快乐。因为从前死者的名字常用红色书写，用红墨水写中国人名被看成是一种冒犯行为。

Part IV Translation

In Chinese culture, red usually symbolizes good luck, longevity and happiness. In Spring Festival and other festive occasions, red can be seen everywhere. When people give cash as gifts to family members or close friends, they usually put it in red envelopes. Another reason why red is popular in China is that people associate it with the Chinese revolution and the Communist Party. However, red does not always represent good luck and happiness. Because the names of the deceased used to be written in red, it was considered offensive to write Chinese names in red ink.

Part IV Translation (30 minutes) Directions: For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to translate a passage from Chinese into English. You should write your answer on Answer Sheet 2.

黄海：

黄海是世界上最大的浅海地区之一，平均深度为44米，最大深度为152米，其名字源于黄河的黄色沙。由于冬季和夏季季风的影响，海洋的气候波动不定。夏季有暖流，而冬季海水变得非常冷，可能导致内海的一部分结冰。黄海是中国北方经济最发达的地区之一，拥有沿海农业、海上贸易、交通和渔业。作为生态保护计划的一部分，世界自然基金会(WWF)选择了黄海作为“沿海杰出的海洋生态系统范例”

Part IV Translation

Named for the yellowish sand – which originates from the Yellow River – that colours its water, the Yellow Sea is one of the largest shallow areas of continental shelf in the world with an average depth of 44 metres and a maximum depth of 152 metres.

The climate of the sea fluctuates due to winter and summer Monsoon conditions. In the summer warm currents are present, while the water becomes very cold in winter and can cause parts of the inner sea to freeze over.

The Yellow Sea is one of the most developed economic areas in North China with coastal farming, maritime trade and traffic and fisheries. As part of its Ecoregion conservation programme WWF selected the Yellow Sea as an ‘outstanding example of coastal marine ecosystems.

Part IV Translation (30 minutes) Directions: For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to translate a passage from Chinese into English. You should write your answer on Answer Sheet 2.

苏州是一个具有悠久丝绸文化历史的城市。它有栽桑、养蚕、缫丝和织造的传统。苏州的丝绸是皇家贡品，早在唐宋时期就在世界范围内享有盛名。苏州市有自然优势，日照充足，雨量充沛，土壤肥沃，这些给蚕茧的高产和丝的高质量提供了合适的环境。它一直是中国丝绸原料的主要产地和集散中心。

Part IV Translation

Suzhou is a city **with a long history of silk culture**. It **has a tradition of mulberry planting, sericulture, silk reeling and weaving**. Suzhou's silk was an imperial tribute and **gained a worldwide reputation** from as early as the Tang and Song dynasties. Suzhou city also **abounds in natural gifts**, abundant sunshine, plentiful rainfall and rich soils, which offer a pleasant environment for high yield of cocoons and high qualities of silk. It **has been** the main producing area and distributing center of raw silk materials in China.

2020年12月翻译中一定会用到的表达:

1. Sth gradually developed a style which featured ...

某物形成了以...为特色的风格;

2. Sth can be classified into several categories:...

某物可以被分为以下几类;

3. One Belt and One Road Initiative

一带一路倡议

4. China has made great headway in narrowing the gap among different social classes.

中国在缩小不同社会阶层间的差距方面也在努力。

5. The core of "harmonious society" is "human-centered," which means the improvement of people's livelihood.

和谐社会的核心是以人为本，这就意味着要促民生。

6. We not only aspire to build China into a prosperous, strong and modern socialist country, but also into a democratic, culturally advanced and harmonious one.

我们不只是希望把中国建设为现代，繁荣和富强的社会主义国家，而且使中国成为文化先进的，民主的和和谐的国家。

7. During the long course of history, the Chinese people have, working with diligence, bravery and wisdom, created a beautiful homeland where all ethnic groups live in harmony, and developed a great and dynamic culture

在漫长的历史进程中，中国人民依靠自己的勤劳、勇敢、智慧，开创了民族和睦共处的美好家园，培育了历久弥新的优秀文化。

8. Chinese nation has made an indelible contribution to the progress of human civilization.

中华民族为人类的文明进步作出了不可磨灭的贡献。

9. Sth has become one of the most popular ...

...成为了最受欢迎的...之一

Sth has been regarded as one of ...

...被认为是...之一

10. We can see..., enjoy...and learn of the legend and anecdotes about...

我们能看到...享受到...而且了解到关于...的传奇和轶事。

11. Sth is a combination of ..., dating back to...

某物是...的结合，其起源可以追溯到...

12. policy coordination, facilities connectivity, unimpeded trade, financial integration, and people-to-people bonds as the five major goals.

政策沟通、设施联通、贸易畅通、资金融通、民心相通

13. Sth, with a history of... years and a number of ...branches/ styles, is an important part of Chinese traditional culture.

... 已有..年的历史, 有好多分支/风格, 是中国传统文化的重要组成部分。

14. High speed railroad is introduced in 2004. With the generous funding from the government, it is rapidly expanding.

2004年, 高铁被引入; 政府大力支持, 发展很快。

15. Sth is familiar to everyone, about which however people's opinions differ.

大家都熟悉..., 但是对于...仁者见仁。

16. Honor the aged of other family as we honor our own; Care for the children of other family as we care for our own.

老吾老以及人之老, 幼吾幼以及人之幼。

17. Respecting the aged and loving the young, a the traditional Chinese virtue, has been regarded as the social responsibility and behavior norm for thousands years.

千百年来, 尊老爱幼这一中华民族的传统美德, 被当做是社会责任和行为规范。

Filial Piety, a Chinese traditional virtue, is central to Confucian role ethics.

孝道是中国的传统美德, 被认为是儒家角色伦理的核心。

18. Learning without thinking leads to confusion; thinking without learning ends in danger.

学而不思则罔, 思而不学则殆。

19. Chinese characters evolve from pictures and signs. The style of the calligraphers symbolize their age.

汉字由图画和符号演变而来。书法家的风格代表了他们的时代。

20. China is the birthplace of ...

中国是...的故乡

附录：2020年12月四六级作文中一定能用到的语料：

1. 生活时间角度

(1) We have been always considering sth (recreational activities) as something to relax ourselves or something that can add color to the dull routine of everyday life.

我们一直认为娱乐活动可以让我们放松, 可以为我们每天枯燥的生活增添一些色彩。

(2) Sth will make our life more enjoyable, that is to say, sth can add color to the dull routine of everyday life.

Sth 可以使我们的生活更加有乐趣, 也就是说, sth 为我们每天枯燥的生活增添了一些色彩。

(3) For the majority of people, (reading or learning a new skill)/(reading news from the weibo or learning moments of their friends on the Wechat) has become the focus of their lives and the source of their happiness and contentment in this modern society.

对大多数人来讲, (阅读或学习一项新技术)(从微信里面了解朋友圈动态)已成为他们生活的中心和快乐的来源

(4) Furthermore, students visiting their own home frequently would have more accesses and opportunities to communicate with their parents, which have beneficial impact on development of their personal character.

而且, 学生常回家有更多机会和父母交流, 这对他们个性的培养是有利的。

(5) Sth, by occupying spare time so constructively, makes a person contented, with no time for boredom. Sth 很有建设意义地占据了人们的空余时间, 使得人们很满足, 进而没有时间来觉得无聊。

(6) Sth does not occupy students' too much time. In fact, it is unhealthy for them to spend all of time on their study. As an old saying goes: All work and no play makes Jack a dullboy.

Sth 不会占据学生太多的时间.实际上让他们把所有的时间都花在学习上也是不健康的,就如一句俗话说:劳逸结合。

(7) What's more, online shopping can save us a great deal of time on the way between home and the department stores, so we would be able to concentrate more time and energy on our meaningful work.

而且,在线购物能节省大量往返于家的商店路上的时间,这会让我们有更多的时间和精力放在有意义的工作上。

2. 知识经验角度

(1) Little by little, our knowledge will be well enriched, and our horizons will be greatly broadened.

逐渐的,我们的知识会得到增加,我们的视野将会大大的拓宽。

(2) For people who want to adopt a healthy and meaningful life style, it is important to find time to learn certain new knowledge. Just as an old saying goes: it is never too late to learn.

对于那些想过上健康而有意义的生活的人们来说,找时间学习一些新知识是很重要的,正如那句老话:活到老,学到老

(3) The majority of students believe that part-time job will provide them with more opportunities to develop their interpersonal skills, which may put them in a favorable position in the future job markets.

大部分学生相信业余工作会使他们有更多机会发展人际交往能力,而这对他们未来找工作是非常有好处的。

(4) Additional educational activities enjoy obvious advantage. By extra studies, many maintain, youngsters are able to obtain many kinds of practical skills and useful knowledge, which will put them in a beneficial position in the future job markets.

额外的教育活动有许多优点,通过学习,年轻人可以获得很多实践技能和有用的知识,这些对他们就业是大有好处的。

(5) By taking a major-related part-job, students can not only improve their academic studies, but gain much experience, experience they will never be able to get from the textbooks.

通过做一份和专业相关的工作,学生不仅能够提高他们的专业能力,而且能获得从课本上得不到的经验。

(6) Now people in growing numbers are beginning to believe that learning new skills and knowledge contributes directly to enhancing their job opportunities or promotion opportunities.

现在越来越多的人开始相信学习新的技术和知识能直接帮助他们获得工作就会或提升的机会。

(7) In the first place, extra studies bring about unhealthy impacts on physical growth of children. Educational experts point out that, it is equally important to take some sport activities instead of extra studies when children have spent the whole day in a boring classroom.

首先,额外的学习对孩子们的身体发育是不利的。教育专家指出,孩子们在枯燥的教室里呆了一整天后,从事一些体育活动,而不是额外的学习,是非常重要的。

3. 身心健康角度

(1) Now people in growing numbers are beginning to believe that some certain sports contribute directly to our health by giving us some physical exercises.

现在越来越多的人开始相信体育锻炼能有助于身体健康。

(2) As a matter of fact, travel has become part of our life. This situation is encouraging, for it not only broadens people's minds to the extend which may not be reached previously, but also relaxes them physically, which help people conquer mental problems more actively.

实际上,旅行已经成为我们生活的一个部分,这样的情形是喜人的,因为旅行不仅可以拓宽人们的视野达到之前没有达到的范围,而且还可以在身体上得到放松,这能使人们更加积极的克服心理问题。

(5) ...Under considerable pressure from... therefore...will only add to their burden.

在这样的压力之下，所以会增加他们的负担。

(6) I see three kinds of pressure working on people today: pressure from education, family and career. It is easy to blame the school for charging too much money, the family members for the heavy burden, the society for the fierce competition. I think people should relax. It is important for them to keep a good mood under whatever circumstances.

我能看到今天人们身上的三种压力，教育的压力，家庭和职业的压力。学校所收学费太贵，家庭成员负担过重，来自社会的激烈竞争。我认为人们应该放松，他们来说，在任何环境下保持一个好的情绪是很重要的。

(7) Moreover, children will have less time to play and communicate with their peers due to extra studies, consequently, it is difficult to develop and cultivate their character and interpersonal skills. They may become more solitary and even suffer from certain mental illness.

而且，由于要额外地学习，孩子们没有多少时间和同龄的孩子玩耍和交流，很难培养他们的个性和交际能力。他们可能变得孤僻甚至产生某些心理疾病。

4. 科技环境角度

(1) In the last decades, advances in mobile Internet technology have made it possible for people to enjoy the more convenient life style.

在过去的几十年，移动互联技术的进步就使得人们享受更方便的生活方式成为可能。

(2) Admittedly, the policy of garbage separation has made it possible for the public to realize the importance of environmental protection and enable our citizens to cherish the beauty of our communities.

可以承认，垃圾分类这一政策已经使得公众认识到环境保护的重要性，并且使得我们的市民去珍惜我们美丽的社区。

(3) Although many people claim that, along with the rapid economic development, the number of people who use bicycle is decreasing and bicycle is bound to die out. The awareness of environmental preservation and the new form of shared economy will revive the use of bicycle and change our way of life.

虽然很多人承认，随着经济的快速发展，使用自行车的人数正在下降，自行车一定会消失。但环保意识会使自行车重新焕发生机，并改变我们的生活方式。

(4) Pollution poses a great threat to our existence.

污染对我们的生存造成巨大威胁。

Some of the...are poisonous and dangerous to health.

(5) Environmental experts point out that increasing pollution not only causes serious problems such as global warming but also could directly threaten the quality of our lives.

环境学家指出：持续增加的污染不仅会导致像全球变暖这样严重的问题，而且还将威胁到我们的生活质量。

5. 成长成功

(1) Most people are under the illusion that a college degree guarantees success. There is no such guarantee without hard work.

许多人错误地认为大学学位能保证成功。不努力工作就没有这样的保证。

(2) While the inclination to procrastinate is common, one must fully consider the detrimental impact of unnecessary delays.

虽然拖延的倾向是普遍的，但是人们应该充分考虑到不必要的延误造成的有害影响。

(3) The tendency to take things for granted is understandable, but the need for one to rationally evaluate the

circumstances of any situation is absolutely essential.

想当然的倾向是可以理解的，但是，理智地估计任何情形的情况是完全必需的。

(4) From what has been discussed above, we may safely draw a conclusion that, although the parents' desire to look after children by themselves is understandable, its disadvantages far outweigh the advantages.

通过以上讨论，我们可以得出如下结论：尽管家长想亲自照看孩子的愿望是可以理解的，但是这样做的缺点远大于优点。

(5) From what has been discussed above, we may safely draw the conclusion that, although extra studies indeed enjoy many obvious advantages, its disadvantages shouldn't be ignored and far outweigh its advantages. It is absurd to force children to take extra studies after school.

通过以上讨论，我们可以得出结论：尽管额外学习的确有很多优点，但它的缺点不可忽视，且远大于它的优点。因此，放学后强迫孩子额外学习是不明智的。（结论句式）

(6) While achieving success is easier said than done, perseverance does in fact pay off. One of the most important traits of a successful person is self-confidence, another is desire, and still another is determination.

获得成功说起来比做起来容易，然而坚持不懈确实会有好结果。成功人士的最重要的特征之一是自信，第二是渴望，还有一个是决心。

(7) Independence offers many advantages, the first and foremost of which is self-determination.

独立带来很多好处，首先也是最重要的是自决

(8) The most obvious and undisputable advantage of having different friend is that you can enjoy more kinds of amusement.

交不同的朋友，最明显和毫无争议的好处在于你能参加不同的娱乐活动。

(9) Most people are of the opinion that wealth provides solutions to all problems. But in spite of the material benefits wealth provides, I believe one should abandon the pursuit of materialism and instead concentrate on the pursuit of happiness.

大多数人认为财富为所有问题提供解决的办法。但是，我认为，尽管财富提供物质上的利益，一个人应该放弃物质至上的追求，而是集中精力追求幸福。

(10) sth can give students team-spirit and teach them how to cooperate with others. Because in those activities, students usually need to cooperate with others in order to get good achievement.

Sth 可以赋予学生们团队精神，并教会他们学会与人合作。因为在这些活动中，学生通常需要相互合作目的是得到提高。

6. 社会宏观

(1) We needs to reexamine the results of technology development in order to ascertain the benefits and indeed (表示加强含义) the detrimental aspects from a new perspective. Otherwise, various perceived accomplishments might in fact prove to be far from beneficial.

我们需要重新检查科技发展带来的结果以便从新的角度明确它们的好处，甚至是有害的方面。否则，许多我们以为取得的成就实际上可能完全不会带来好处。

(2) We must avoid overindulgence and conspicuous consumption. We must instead continue to recognize the benefits of thrift in order to protect our newfound prosperity.

我们必须避免过分放纵和铺张浪费。相反，我们应该继续发扬节俭的优点以守护我们新获得的繁荣。

(3) Many of the explanations offered thus far are at least to a certain extent valid, but none fully address the problem and the issue must be examined in a wider context.

目前提供的许多解释至少在一定程度上是正确的，但是，没有一个解释能完全处理问题，这件事情必须放在更广阔的背景中考虑。

(4) There is little doubt that immediate action is required to eliminate the detrimental aspects of environmental pollution once and forever.

毫无疑问，必须立即采取行动彻底消除环境污染的危害

(5) Some months ago, a friend of mine was killed in a tragic automobile accident involving a drunk driver. The incident was far from rare, and was in fact typical of thousands of cases involving drunk driving.

几个月前，我的一个朋友死于一场与酒后驾车有关的悲惨车祸。这件事情一点儿也不罕见，事实上是数以千计的酒后驾车案例的典型之一。

(6) It is high time we put an end to the deplorable practice of food contamination.

我们早该杜绝食品污染这种应遭谴责的做法。

(7) The most striking conclusion that can be reached when weighing the advantages and disadvantages of the new technology, such as smart phone and the like is quite frankly prosperity.

很坦率地说，在权衡新技术（比如智能手机）时候，能得出的最显著的结论是繁荣。

(8) The ample evidence presented enables us to reasonably conclude that the scourge of haze will be brought under control in the foreseeable future.

提出的充分证据使我们能够合理地得出这样的结论：雾霾的祸害在可预见的将来就能得到控制。

(9) Today, a large amount of tradition has gradually disappeared, for instance stamp collecting.

现在，许多传统的爱好在逐步消失，例如集邮。

功能句式集结：

图画作文：

第一段：

第一句：简单描述图画；

As is shown above, 中心人物+动作.

第二句：图画造成影响；

There has been a heated discussion about this picture on the WeChat, the most influential social media in China.

第三句：指出图画寓意；

1. The picture shows us that...

2. Simple and funny as this picture is, the symbolic meaning behind it is as deep as ocean.

第二段：

第一种写法：

第一句：介绍主题背景

1. Recently the issue of (whether ...or not) has been in the limelight (成为引人注目的中心) and has aroused wide concern in the public.

近来，_____的问题已经非常明确而且引起了社会的广泛关注。

2. Along with the advance of the society more and more problems are brought to our attention, one of which is

随着社会的不断发展，出现了越来越多的问题，其中之一便是_____。

3. Recently, the issue of.....has been brought into public focus.

近来，_____的问题引起了社会的广泛关注。

第二句：分析利弊

On the one hand,... On the other hand ...

第二种写法：

第一句：介绍各方观点

1. There is no consensus of opinions among people as to ... some people tend to have a favorable attitude toward... While, others have an unpleasant association with...

2. Most of us, however, have formed a different picture of...some people think they are beneficial, while others hold the opposite view.

第二句：进一步介绍

1. And we rarely reach an absolute consensus on such a controversial issue.

对于这种极具争议的话题，我们很难作出绝对的回答。

2. People from different backgrounds would put different interpretations on the same case.

不同行业的人对同一种问题的解释不尽相同。

harbor the idea that,

take the attitude that,

hold the view that, 认为

第三段：

给出自己看法：

1. Perhaps there is an element of truth in both these pictures.

2. As far as I am concerned, I am inclined to be on the side of the former view.

在我看来，我较同意前一种观点。

3. After a thorough consideration, for my part, I am in favor of the former view.

经过深思熟虑，我较支持前一种看法

A problem of modern society is the declining level of health in the general population, with conflicting views on how to tackle this worrying trend.

现代社会的一个问题在于整体人口健康状况的下降，而如何应对这一问题观点各不相同。

A problem of today youngster's growth is the lack of independence, with various views on how to tackle this worrying trend.

A problem of modern society is the overuse of digital device and the overload of information, with conflicting views on how to tackle this worrying trend.

图表作文：

开头句式：

一.变化句式：

The graph shows how the number of museums and the people visited them changed between 2011 and 2016. We can clearly see a dramatic increase of both.

1. The number of the students taking part-time jobs increase slightly from the first year to the third year, as is clearly demonstrated in the chart above

2. What is clearly presented in the chart above is that the number of rural and urban population in China witnessed some changes during the past decades.

二.占比句式：

1. Portrayed in the above pie chart is a survey about college students' purpose of travelling.

The number of students who take journey as a pretty opportunity to enjoy the natural beauty accounts for 37%. Meanwhile, those who deem travel as their way to relieve pressure take up 33%.

2. As is shown above, the chart illustrates the job satisfaction of the staff in a company. We can notice that people in the age group of 45 to 50 are least satisfied with their jobs, accounting for 64%, while those who are over 50 years old, being satisfied with their present situation most, occupy approximately 40%.

中间句式：

1. What accounts for this phenomenon? I can think of no better reasons for the phenomenon other than the following two

2. The following factors, from where I stand, are responsible for this phenomenon.

3. Obviously, a variety of complicated factors contribute to the situation, with the following two being the foremost.

结尾句式：

1. To sum up, it's predictable that this trend will continue in the future from the perspective of what has been discussed above.

2. In a nutshell, from what we have discussed above, we may safely draw the conclusion that travelling performs an indispensable role in the perspective of university students.

3. In a word, from the analysis above, this trend may not stop in a short period of time. We should fully use the benefits and the advantages brought by this tendency/phenomenon and guard against the possible adverse effects caused by it. Only in this way can we hope to see a reasonable and rational scene in which people can enjoy their life to the utmost.

